
THE NORTH COUNTRY EQUITY GROWTH FUND

Ticker: NCEGX

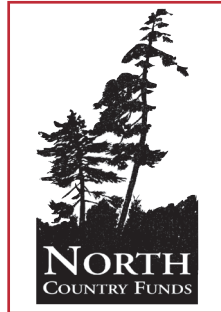
THE NORTH COUNTRY INTERMEDIATE BOND FUND

Ticker: NCBDX

each a series of

THE NORTH COUNTRY FUNDS

Prospectus dated March 30, 2019



Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Fund's shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Fund's website www.gfnational.com/Investments/North-Country-Funds, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Fund electronically by contacting your financial intermediary (such as a broker-dealer or bank) or, if you are a direct investor, by following the instructions included with paper Fund documents that have been mailed to you.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. You can inform the Fund or your financial intermediary that you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports by contacting your financial intermediary (such as a broker-dealer or bank) or, if you are a direct investor, by following the instructions included with paper Fund documents that have been mailed to you. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all funds held with The North Country Funds.

This Prospectus provides important information about The North Country Equity Growth Fund (the "Growth Fund") and The North Country Intermediate Bond Fund (the "Bond Fund") (the "Funds") that you ought to know before investing. Please read it carefully before investing and retain it for future reference.

An investment in The North Country Funds is not a deposit in or guaranteed by Glens Falls National Bank & Trust Company or any other bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency. Investment in the Funds involves the possible loss of principal invested.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or any state securities commission nor has the SEC or any state securities commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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FUND SUMMARY – North Country Equity Growth Fund

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The North Country Equity Growth Fund (the “Growth Fund”) seeks to provide investors with long-term capital appreciation.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Growth Fund.

Growth Fund	
SHAREHOLDER TRANSACTION EXPENSES (fees paid directly from your investment):	
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of the offering price)	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of the offering price)	None
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and other Distributions	None
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of the amount redeemed, if applicable)	None
Exchange Fee	None
ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):	
Management Fees	0.75%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	0.28%
Total Annual Operating Expenses	1.03%

Example: This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Growth Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Growth Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of these periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% rate of return each year and that the Growth Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your cost for the Growth Fund would be:

<u>1 YEAR</u> \$105	<u>3 YEARS</u> \$328	<u>5 YEARS</u> \$569	<u>10 YEARS</u> \$1,259
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Portfolio Turnover: The Growth Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Growth Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Growth Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Growth Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 22% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Growth Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing at least 80% of its net assets in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of U.S. companies with mid to large-sized market capitalizations (generally considered to be in excess of \$2 billion) that North Country Investment Advisers, Inc. (the “Adviser”) believes have demonstrated fundamental investment value and favorable growth prospects. Equity securities include common stocks of domestic and foreign-domiciled companies, preferred stocks, convertible preferred stocks, and American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”). The Growth Fund focuses primarily on market sectors such as Materials, Health Care, Utilities, Information Technology, Industrials, Consumer Discretionary, Consumer Staples, Financial Services, Energy and Telecommunications.

The Adviser utilizes a “growth” approach to investing and selects portfolio securities based on its analysis of various factors including price/earnings ratios, the strength or potential strength of a company’s competitive position, strength of management, marketing prowess and product development capabilities.

The Adviser will utilize a buy and hold approach, generally maintaining its position in a company’s stock without regard to day-to-day fluctuations in the market. However, the Adviser will frequently re-evaluate portfolio holdings, as it deems necessary, and will typically sell a stock when the reasons for buying or holding it no longer apply, such as a lack of performance, change in business direction, adverse changes in other factors or when the company begins to show deteriorating fundamentals.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS

You could lose money on your investment in the Growth Fund, or the Growth Fund may not perform as well as other possible investments. The net asset value of the Growth Fund’s shares will fluctuate based on the value of the securities held in its portfolio. As with any mutual fund, there can be no guarantee that the investment objective of the Growth Fund will be achieved. An investment in the Growth Fund is not a deposit in a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

Market Risk. The net asset value of the Growth Fund will fluctuate based on changes in the value of the securities in which the Growth Fund invests. The Fund invests in equity securities (such as stocks), which are generally more volatile and carry more risk than some other forms of investments. The price of equity securities can rise or fall rapidly in response to developments affecting a specific company or industry, or to changing economic, political or market conditions. Stock prices in general may decline over short or extended periods of time, lowering the value of the Growth Fund’s investments. Market prices of equity securities in broad market segments may be adversely affected by a prominent issuer having experienced losses or by the lack of earnings, by such an issuer’s failure to meet the market’s expectations with respect to new products or services, or even by factors wholly unrelated to the value or condition of the issuer, such as changes in interest rates. There is also a risk that the Growth Fund’s investments will underperform either the securities markets generally or particular segments of the securities markets.

Investing in Mutual Funds. All mutual funds carry a certain amount of risk. You may lose money on your investment in the Fund. As all investment securities are subject to inherent market risks and fluctuations in value due to earnings, economic and political conditions and other factors, the Fund cannot give any assurance that its investment objective will be achieved.

Issuer Specific Changes. The value of an individual security can be more volatile, and can perform differently, than the market as a whole. The price of an individual issuer’s securities can rise or fall dramatically in response to such things as earnings reports, news about the development of a promising product, or the changing of key management personnel.

Liquidity Risk. The Growth Fund may invest in securities that are or become illiquid, and the Growth Fund may not be able to sell such securities at the time and/or the price the Adviser believes would be advantageous.

Manager Risk. Investment in the Growth Fund involves the risk that the Adviser's assessment of the growth potential of specific securities may prove incorrect.

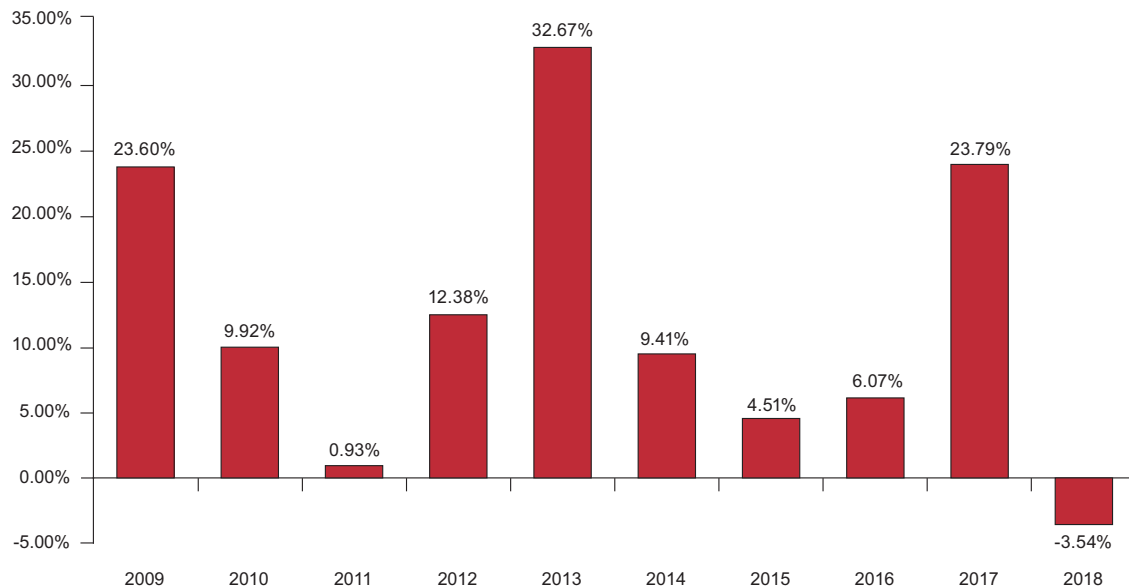
Foreign Securities Risk. Investments in foreign securities face specific risks, which include: reduced availability of information regarding foreign companies that may be subject to different accounting, auditing and financial standards and to less stringent reporting standards and requirements, reduced liquidity, increased market risk due to regional economic and political instability, and the threat of nationalization and expropriation.

Growth Investing Risk. "Growth" stocks can perform differently than the market as a whole and other types of stocks. The prices of growth stocks may increase or decrease significantly in response to unexpected earnings reports or other news about the issuer.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table that follow provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Growth Fund by showing changes in the performance of the Growth Fund from year to year and by showing how the Growth Fund's average annual returns for 1, 5 and 10 years compare with those of a broad measure of market performance as well as with a performance average of similar mutual funds. Please remember that the Growth Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of how the Growth Fund will perform in the future.

Annual Total Return for Years Ended December 31,



During the periods shown in the bar chart above, the Growth Fund's best quarterly performance was 14.39% (quarter ended June 30, 2009) and its lowest quarterly performance was -16.55% (quarter ended December 31, 2018). For the fiscal quarter ended February 28, 2019, the return for the Growth Fund was 0.57%.

**AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS
(FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018)**

	1 YEAR	5 YEARS	10 YEARS
Growth Fund			
Return before taxes	-3.54%	7.69%	11.47%
Return after taxes on distributions	-5.17%	6.23%	10.55%
Return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares	-0.82%	5.91%	9.43%
S&P 500 Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	-4.38%	8.49%	13.12%
Lipper Large Cap Growth Index	-0.47%	8.98%	14.09%

The after-tax returns in the returns table above were calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold shares of the Growth Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. In certain cases, after-tax returns may be higher than the other return figures for the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and translates into an assumed tax deduction that benefits the shareholder.

MANAGEMENT

North Country Investment Advisers, Inc. is the Growth Fund's investment adviser. Peter M. Capozzola, CFA and Adam M. Horowitz serve as the Growth Fund's co-portfolio managers. Mr. Capozzola, Vice President and Investment Officer of Glens Falls National Bank ("GFNB") and President and Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has served as a portfolio manager of the Growth Fund since March 30, 2018. Mr. Horowitz, Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has served as a portfolio manager of the Growth Fund since August 9, 2018.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Growth Fund accepts investments in the following minimum amounts:

Type of Account	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment
Individual, Sole proprietorship or Joint accounts	\$500	\$100
Corporate, partnership or trust accounts	\$500	\$100
Uniform Gift or Transfer to a Minor Accounts (UGMA, UTMA)	\$500	\$100
Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA)	\$500	\$100

You may purchase and redeem shares of the Growth Fund on any day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading, by mail as indicated below, by telephone (888-350-2990), or through a financial intermediary.

via Regular Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
P.O. Box 541150
Omaha, NE 68154

via Overnight Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
17645 Wright Street, Suite 200
Omaha, NE 68130

TAX INFORMATION

The Growth Fund intends to distribute net investment income and net realized capital gains, if any, to shareholders. These distributions are generally taxable to you as qualified dividend income, ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment account. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, you may be taxed upon withdrawals from that account.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Growth Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Growth Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Growth Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Growth Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

FUND SUMMARY – North Country Intermediate Bond Fund

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the North Country Intermediate Bond Fund (the “Bond Fund”) is to provide investors with total return based primarily on current income with minimum fluctuation of principal value.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Bond Fund.

Bond Fund	
SHAREHOLDER TRANSACTION EXPENSES (fees paid directly from your investment):	
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of the offering price)	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of the offering price)	None
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and other Distributions	None
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of the amount redeemed, if applicable)	None
Exchange Fee	None
ANNUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):	
Management Fees	0.50%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	0.39%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01%
Total Annual Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾	0.90%

(1) Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses may not match the ratios of expenses to average net assets in the Financial Highlights section of this Prospectus. The ratios reflect only the direct operating expenses of the Fund and do not include fees and expenses of any acquired funds.

Example: This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Bond Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Bond Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of these periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% rate of return each year and that the Bond Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your cost for the Bond Fund would be:

<u>1 YEAR</u>	<u>3 YEARS</u>	<u>5 YEARS</u>	<u>10 YEARS</u>
\$92	\$287	\$489	\$1,108

Portfolio Turnover: The Bond Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Bond Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Bond Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 23% of the average value of its portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Bond Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets plus borrowings in bonds. The Bond Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing substantially all of its net assets in U.S. dollar denominated investment grade bonds or debt securities. These may include corporate and U.S. government bonds and mortgage-backed securities. Portfolio securities shall be rated within the top four ratings categories by nationally recognized statistical ratings organizations (“NRSROs”) such as Moody’s Investors Services, Inc. (“Moody’s”) and Standard & Poor’s Financial Services LLC (“S&P”), when purchased. The Bond Fund intends to maintain an investment portfolio with a dollar-weighted average quality of “A” or better and a dollar-weighted average maturity between 1 and 10 years.

The Bond Fund will invest in corporate bonds without regard to industry or sector based on the Adviser’s analysis of each target security’s structural and repayment features, current pricing and trading opportunities as well as the credit quality of the issuer.

The Adviser may sell an obligation held by the Fund when the reasons for buying or holding it no longer apply. If the rating on an obligation held by the Bond Fund is reduced below the Bond Fund’s ratings requirements, the Adviser will sell the obligation only when it is in the best interests of the Bond Fund’s shareholders to do so.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS

You could lose money on your investment in the Bond Fund, or the Bond Fund may not perform as well as other possible investments. The net asset value of the Bond Fund’s shares will fluctuate based on the value of the securities held in its portfolio. As with any mutual fund, there can be no guarantee that the investment objective of the Bond Fund will be achieved. An investment in the Bond Fund is not a deposit in a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

Interest Rate Risk. Debt securities have varying levels of sensitivity to changes in interest rates. In general, the price of a debt security will fall when interest rates rise and will rise when interest rates fall. Securities with longer maturities and mortgage securities are generally more sensitive to interest rate changes although they usually offer higher yields to compensate investors for the greater risks. The longer the maturity of the security, the greater the impact a change in interest rates generally has on the security’s price. In addition, short-term and long-term interest rates do not necessarily move in the same amount or the same direction. Short-term securities tend to react to changes in short-term interest rates and long-term securities tend to react to changes in long-term interest rates.

Credit Risk. Fixed income securities rated in the fourth classification by Moody’s (Baa) and S&P (BBB) may be purchased by the Bond Fund. These securities have speculative characteristics and changes in economic conditions or other circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakened capacity of those issuers to make principal or interest payments, as compared to issuers of more highly rated securities. With respect to U.S. government securities, which are securities issued by the U.S. government or one of its agencies or instrumentalities, some, but not all, U.S. government securities are guaranteed as to principal and interest and are backed by the full faith and credit of the federal government. Other U.S. government securities are backed by the issuer’s right to borrow from the U.S. Treasury, and some are backed only by the credit of the issuing organization.

Extension Risk. The Bond Fund is subject to the risk that an issuer will exercise its right to pay principal on an obligation held by the Bond Fund (such as mortgage-backed securities) later than expected. This may happen when there is a rise in interest rates. These events may lengthen the duration (i.e. interest rate sensitivity) and potentially reduce the value of these securities.

Market Risk. The net asset value of the Bond Fund will fluctuate based on changes in the value of the securities in which the Bond Fund invests. Although equity investments generally have greater price volatility than fixed income investments, under certain market conditions fixed income investments may have comparable or greater price volatility. Market prices of investments held by the Bond Fund can rise or fall rapidly in response to developments affecting a specific company or industry, or to changing economic, political or market conditions. Bond prices in general may decline over short or extended periods of time, lowering the value of the Bond Fund's investments. The market price of fixed income securities may decline due to changes in interest rates or other factors affecting markets generally. There is also a risk that the Bond Fund's investments will underperform either the securities markets generally or particular segments of the securities markets.

Liquidity Risk. The Bond Fund may invest in securities that are or become illiquid, and the Bond Fund may not be able to sell such securities at the time and/or the price the Adviser believes would be advantageous.

Issuer Specific Changes. The value of an individual security can be more volatile, and can perform differently, than the market as a whole. The price of an individual issuer's securities can rise or fall dramatically in response to such things as earnings reports, news about the development of a promising product, or the changing of key management personnel.

Mortgage-backed Securities and Prepayment Risk. Certain portfolio securities of the Bond Fund, such as mortgage-backed securities, are subject to the risk of unscheduled prepayments resulting from a decline in interest rates. These prepayments may have to be reinvested at a lower rate of return. As a result, these securities may have less potential for capital appreciation during periods of declining interest rates than other securities of comparable maturities, although they may have a similar risk of decline in market value during periods of rising interest rates.

Manager Risk. Investment in the Bond Fund involves the risk that the Adviser's assessment of the performance or value of a specific security may prove incorrect.

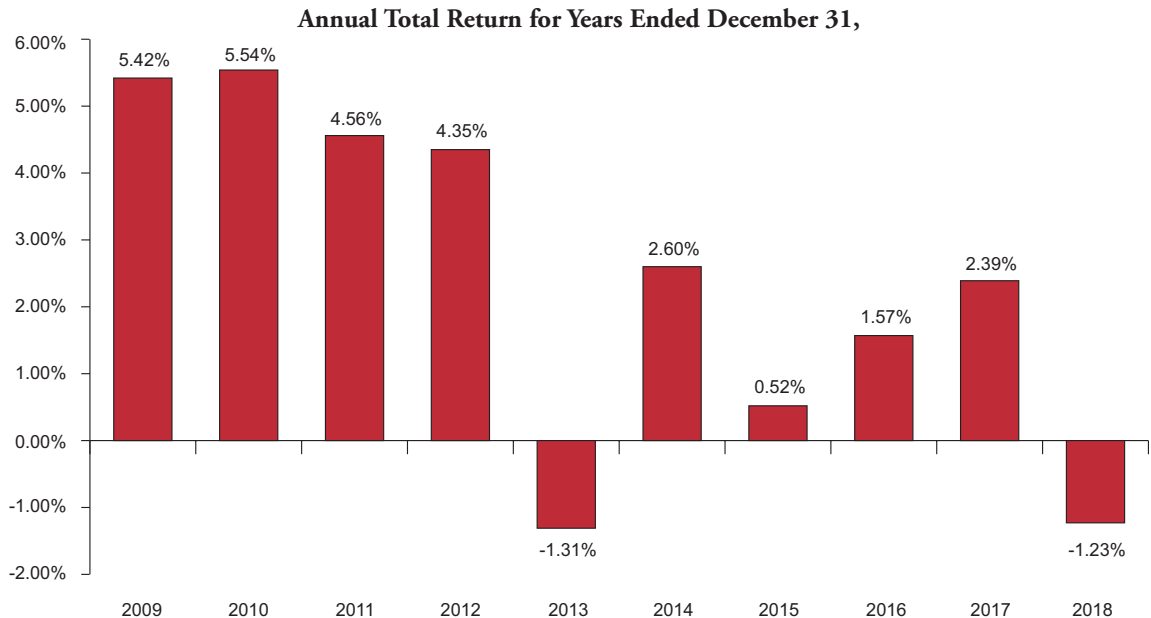
Credit Rating Agency Risk. Credit ratings are determined by credit rating agencies such as S&P and Moody's. Any shortcomings or inefficiencies in credit rating agencies' processes for determining credit ratings may adversely affect the credit ratings of securities held by the Bond Fund and, as a result, may adversely affect those securities' perceived or actual credit risk.

Investing in Mutual Funds. All mutual funds carry a certain amount of risk. You may lose money on your investment in the Bond Fund. As all investment securities are subject to inherent market risks and fluctuations in value due to earnings, economic and political conditions and other factors, the Bond Fund cannot give any assurance that its investment objective will be achieved.

Foreign Securities Risk. Investments in foreign securities face specific risks, which include: reduced availability of information regarding foreign companies, that may be subject to different accounting, auditing and financial standards and to less stringent reporting standards and requirements, reduced liquidity, increased market risk due to regional economic and political instability, and the threat of nationalization and expropriation.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table that follow provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Bond Fund by showing changes in the performance of the Bond Fund from year to year and by showing how the Bond Fund's average annual returns for 1, 5 and 10 years compare with those of a broad measure of market performance as well as with a performance average of similar mutual funds. Please remember that the Bond Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of the Fund's future performance.



During the periods shown in the bar chart above, the Bond Fund's best quarterly performance was 4.01% (quarter ended June 30, 2009) and its lowest quarterly performance was -3.18% (quarter ended December 31, 2016). For the fiscal quarter ended February 28, 2019, the return for the Bond Fund was 2.95%.

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (FOR THE PERIODS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018)

	1 YEAR	5 YEARS	10 YEARS
Bond Fund			
Return before taxes	-1.23%	1.16%	2.41%
Return after taxes on distributions	-2.01%	0.40%	1.53%
Return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares	-0.73%	0.55%	1.51%
Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	0.01%	2.52%	3.48%
Lipper Short-Intermediate Investment Grade Debt Index	0.73%	1.62%	3.40%

The after-tax returns in the returns table above were calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold shares of the Bond Fund through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

In certain cases, after-tax returns may be higher than the other return figures for the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and translates into an assumed tax deduction that benefits the shareholder.

MANAGEMENT

North Country Investment Advisers, Inc. is the Bond Fund's investment adviser. Peter M. Capozzola, CFA and Alina Kindron serve as the Bond Fund's co-portfolio managers, Mr. Capozzola, Vice President and Investment Officer of GFNB and President and Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has served as a portfolio manager of the Bond Fund since March 1, 2003. Alina Kindron, Assistant Vice President and Investment Officer of GFNB and Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has served as a portfolio manager of the Bond Fund since August 9, 2018.

PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

The Bond Fund accepts investment in the following minimum amounts:

Type of Account	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment
Individual, Sole proprietorship or Joint accounts	\$500	\$100
Corporate, partnership or trust accounts	\$500	\$100
Uniform Gift or Transfer to a Minor Accounts (UGMA, UTMA)	\$500	\$100
Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA)	\$500	\$100

You may purchase and redeem shares of the Bond Fund on any day that the New York Stock Exchange is open, by mail as indicated below, by telephone (888-350-2990), or through a financial intermediary.

via Regular Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
P.O. Box 541150
Omaha, NE 68154

via Overnight Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
17645 Wright Street, Suite 200
Omaha, NE 68130

TAX INFORMATION

The Bond Fund intends to distribute net investment income and net realized capital gains, if any, to shareholders. These distributions are generally taxable to you as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged investment account. If you are investing through a tax-advantaged account, you may be taxed upon withdrawals from that account.

PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase the Bond Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Bond Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Bond Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Bond Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RELATED RISKS

The following discussion provides additional information about the investment strategies and risks of each Fund. Each Fund's investment objective is a fundamental policy and cannot be changed without the approval of a majority of a Fund's outstanding shares.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

GROWTH FUND

To achieve its investment objective, the Growth Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of U.S. companies with mid to large-sized market capitalizations (generally considered to be in excess of \$2 billion) that have demonstrated fundamental investment value and the potential for long-term growth. The Growth Fund is subject to a formal policy that it will invest at least 80% of its net assets plus borrowings in equity securities. This policy will not be changed without 60 days' notice to shareholders. Equity securities include common stocks of domestic and foreign-domiciled companies, preferred stocks, convertible preferred stocks, and American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"). For liquidity purposes or pending the investment in securities in furtherance of its investment objective, the Fund may invest up to 20% of its net assets in U.S. Government securities, repurchase agreements and high quality short-term debt and money market instruments.

The Adviser selects portfolio securities for investment by the Fund based primarily on its analysis of various factors which influence the issuer's fundamental investment value and prospects for long-term growth. The Adviser determines the investment value of each portfolio security by screening certain financial indicators such as the price-to-earnings ratio, the return on equity, and cash flow using proprietary quantitative techniques. The Adviser also considers the strength or potential strength of a company's competitive position, strength of management, marketing prowess and product development capabilities in order to evaluate a company's growth prospects.

The Growth Fund will not concentrate in any particular industry. The Adviser intends to invest the Growth Fund's portfolio among numerous industries in companies that have consistent operating histories, strong management teams and favorable growth prospects.

The Growth Fund focuses primarily on market sectors such as Materials, Health Care, Utilities, Information Technology, Industrials, Consumer Discretionary, Consumer Staples, Financial Services, Energy and Telecommunications. The Adviser, in its sole discretion, determines which and to what extent each sector is to be represented in the Growth Fund's portfolio and will purchase or sell portfolio securities if it believes that a particular sector should or should not be included in the Growth Fund's investments. However, the extent to which the Adviser invests in any particular sector will be governed, to a large degree, by market conditions.

The Adviser will utilize a buy and hold approach, generally maintaining its position in a company's stock without regard to day-to-day fluctuations in the market. However, the Adviser will frequently re-evaluate portfolio holdings, as it deems necessary, and will typically sell a stock when the reasons for buying or holding it no longer apply, such as a lack of performance, change in business direction, adverse changes in other factors or when the company begins to show deteriorating fundamentals.

The frequency of the Growth Fund's portfolio transactions will vary from year to year. Since the Growth Fund's investment policies emphasize long-term investment in the securities of companies with favorable growth prospects, the Adviser does not anticipate frequent changes in investments and the Growth Fund's portfolio turnover rate is expected to be relatively low.

BOND FUND

The Bond Fund seeks to provide investors with total return based primarily on current income with minimum fluctuation of principal value. The Bond Fund generally invests substantially all of its net assets, without regard to market sector or industry, in U.S. dollar-denominated investment grade bonds or debt securities issued by corporate entities, the U.S. government, or its agencies or instrumentalities and municipalities. These may include certain mortgage-backed securities. The Bond Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets plus borrowings in bonds. This policy will not be changed without 60 days' notice to shareholders.

The Bond Fund uses the Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index (the "Index") as a general guide in structuring the Bond Fund and selecting its investments with respect to average quality and maturity and will manage the Bond Fund to have interest rate and credit risk characteristics that are similar to that of the Index. Portfolio securities are rated in the top four ratings categories by NRSROs such as Moody's and S&P when purchased. The Bond Fund intends to maintain an investment portfolio with a dollar-weighted average quality of "A" or better and a dollar-weighted average maturity between 1 and 10 years. In determining a security's maturity for purposes of calculating the Bond Fund's average maturity, an estimate of the average time for its principal to be paid may be used. This can be substantially shorter than its stated maturity.

In buying and selling portfolio securities for the Bond Fund, the Adviser also considers a security's structural features such as duration, the amount of any premium or discount, repayment or distribution schedules, and callable dates in the context of current market conditions and short-term trading opportunities. The Adviser may sell an obligation held by the Bond Fund when the reasons for buying or holding it no longer apply. However, the Bond Fund may not necessarily dispose of a security when its rating is reduced below its rating at the time of purchase, although the Adviser will consider such reduction in its determination of whether the Bond Fund should continue to hold the security in its portfolio.

NON-PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Temporary Defensive Positions. Each Fund may, from time to time, take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with its principal investment strategies in attempting to respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions. Such investments include various short-term instruments. If either Fund takes a temporary defensive position at the wrong time, the position would have an adverse impact on that Fund's performance. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective when taking such a position. The Funds reserve the right to invest all of their assets in temporary defensive positions.

Active and Frequent Trading. Each Fund may trade securities actively, which could increase its transaction costs (thereby lowering its performance) and may increase the amount of taxes that you pay. Frequent and active trading may cause adverse tax consequences for shareholders by increasing the amount of a Fund's realized capital gains, which in turn may result in increased taxable distributions to shareholders, and by increasing the proportion of the Fund's realized capital gains that are short-term capital gains, which when distributed are generally taxable to shareholders at ordinary income rates.

Illiquid Securities. Each Fund may invest up to 15% of its respective net assets in illiquid securities. A domestically traded security that is not registered under the Securities Act of 1933 will not be considered illiquid if the Adviser determines that an adequate investment trading market exists for that security. However, there can be no assurance that a liquid market will exist for any security at a particular time.

Securities Lending. Each Fund may lend its portfolio securities to broker-dealers in amounts equaling no more than 33-1/3% of that Fund's total assets for money management purposes. These transactions will be fully collateralized at all times with cash and/or high quality, short-term debt obligations.

Borrowing. Each Fund may borrow money from banks for temporary or emergency purposes in order to meet redemption requests. The Funds do not use borrowing as a principal investment strategy. To reduce its indebtedness, a Fund may have to sell a portion of its investments at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so. In addition, interest paid by a Fund on borrowed funds would decrease the net earnings of the Fund.

Repurchase Agreements. Each Fund may enter into repurchase agreements collateralized by the securities in which it may invest. A repurchase agreement involves the purchase by the Fund of securities with the condition that the original seller (a bank or broker-dealer) will buy back the same securities (“collateral”) at a predetermined price or yield.

INVESTMENT RISKS

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS SPECIFIC TO THE GROWTH FUND AND THE BOND FUND

Investing in Mutual Funds. All mutual funds carry a certain amount of risk. You may lose money on your investment in either of the Funds. As all investment securities are subject to inherent market risks and fluctuations in value due to earnings, economic and political conditions and other factors, neither Fund can give any assurance that its investment objective will be achieved.

Issuer Specific Changes. The value of an individual security can be more volatile, and can perform differently, than the market as a whole. The price of an individual issuer’s securities can rise or fall dramatically in response to such things as earnings reports, news about the development of a promising product, or the changing of key management personnel. Lower-quality debt securities tend to be more sensitive to these changes in the financial condition of an issuer, changes in the specific economic or political conditions that affect a particular type of security or issuer, and changes in general economic or political conditions can affect the credit quality or value of an issuer’s securities.

Foreign Securities Risk. Each Fund may invest in the securities of foreign domiciled companies through the purchase of ADRs or the purchase of U.S. dollar denominated foreign securities that are traded in U.S. markets. Investments in foreign securities face specific risks, which include: reduced availability of information regarding foreign companies, foreign companies may be subject to different accounting, auditing and financial standards and to less stringent reporting standards and requirements, reduced liquidity as a result of inadequate trading volume, the difficulty in obtaining or enforcing a judgment abroad, increased market risk due to regional economic and political instability, foreign withholding or other taxes, the threat of nationalization and expropriation and an increased potential for corrupt business practices in certain foreign countries.

Liquidity Risk. The Funds may invest in securities that are or become illiquid. A Fund may not be able to sell these illiquid investments at the times and/or the prices the Adviser believes to be advantageous. Investments in derivatives, non-U.S. investments, restricted securities, securities having small market capitalizations, and securities having substantial market and/or credit and counterparty risk tend to involve greater liquidity risk. Additionally, the market for certain investments may become illiquid under adverse market or economic conditions independent of any specific adverse changes in the conditions of a particular issuer. In such cases, a Fund, due to limitations on investments in illiquid securities and the difficulty in purchasing and selling such securities or instruments, may decline in value or be unable to achieve its desired level of exposure to a certain issuer or sector.

Market Risk. The net asset value of each Fund will fluctuate based on changes in the value of the securities in which the Fund invests. Although equity investments generally have greater price volatility than fixed income investments, under certain market conditions fixed income investments may have comparable or greater price volatility. Market prices of investments held by a Fund can rise or fall rapidly in response to developments affecting a specific company or industry, or to changing economic, political or market conditions. Stock and/or bond prices in general may decline over short or extended periods of time, lowering the value of a

Fund's investments. Market prices of equity securities in broad market segments may be adversely affected by a prominent issuer having experienced losses or by the lack of earnings, by such an issuer's failure to meet the market's expectations with respect to new products or services, or even by factors wholly unrelated to the value or condition of the issuer, such as changes in interest rates. The market price of fixed income securities, as well as equity securities and other types of investments, may decline due to changes in interest rates or other factors affecting markets generally. There is also a risk that a Fund's investments will underperform either the securities markets generally or particular segments of the securities markets.

Manager Risk. Investment in the Growth Fund involves the risk that the Adviser's assessment of the growth potential of specific securities may prove incorrect. Investment in the Bond Fund involves the risk that the Adviser's assessment of the performance or value of a specific security may prove incorrect.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS SPECIFIC TO THE GROWTH FUND

Growth Investing Risk. "Growth" stocks can perform differently than the market as a whole and other types of stocks. The prices of growth stocks may increase or decrease significantly in response to unexpected earnings reports or other news about the issuer.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS SPECIFIC TO THE BOND FUND

Interest Rate Risk. Debt securities have varying levels of sensitivity to changes in interest rates. In general, the price of a debt security will fall when interest rates rise and will rise when interest rates fall. Securities with longer maturities and mortgage securities are generally more sensitive to interest rate changes although they usually offer higher yields to compensate investors for the greater risks. The longer the maturity of the security, the greater the impact a change in interest rates generally has on the security's price. In addition, short-term and long-term interest rates do not necessarily move in the same amount or the same direction. Short-term securities tend to react to changes in short-term interest rates and long-term securities tend to react to changes in long-term interest rates.

Credit Risk. Fixed income securities rated in the fourth classification by Moody's (Baa) and S&P (BBB) may be purchased by the Bond Fund. These securities have speculative characteristics and changes in economic conditions or other circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakened capacity of those issuers to make principal or interest payments, as compared to issuers of more highly rated securities. With respect to U.S. government securities, which are securities issued by the U.S. government or one of its agencies or instrumentalities, some, but not all, U.S. government securities are guaranteed as to principal and interest and are backed by the full faith and credit of the federal government. Other U.S. government securities are backed by the issuer's right to borrow from the U.S. Treasury, and some are backed only by the credit of the issuing organization.

Credit Rating Agency Risk. Credit ratings are determined by credit rating agencies such as S&P, and Moody's. Any shortcomings or inefficiencies in credit rating agencies' processes for determining credit ratings may adversely affect the credit ratings of securities held by the Bond Fund and, as a result, may adversely affect those securities' perceived or actual credit risk. For example, credit ratings evaluate the safety of principal and interest payments, not the market value risk of bonds. Also, credit rating agencies may fail to change credit ratings in a timely manner to reflect subsequent events.

Extension Risk. The Bond Fund is subject to the risk that an issuer will exercise its right to pay principal on an obligation held by the Bond Fund (such as mortgage-backed securities) later than expected. This may happen when there is a rise in interest rates. These events may lengthen the duration (i.e. interest rate sensitivity) and potentially reduce the value of these securities.

Mortgage-Backed Securities and Prepayment Risk. Certain types of debt securities, such as mortgage-backed securities, have yield and maturity characteristics corresponding to underlying assets. Unlike traditional debt securities, which may pay a fixed rate of interest until maturity when the entire principal amount comes due, payments on certain mortgage-backed securities may include both interest and a partial payment of principal. Besides the scheduled repayment of principal, payments of principal may result from the voluntary prepayment, refinancing, or foreclosure of the underlying mortgage loans.

Securities subject to prepayment are less effective than other types of securities as a means of “locking in” attractive long-term interest rates. One reason is the need to reinvest prepayments of principal; another is the possibility of significant unscheduled prepayments resulting from declines in interest rates. These prepayments may have to be reinvested at lower rates. As a result, these securities may have less potential for capital appreciation during periods of declining interest rates than other securities of comparable maturities, although they may have a similar risk of decline in market value during periods of rising interest rates. Prepayments may also significantly shorten the effective maturities of these securities, especially during periods of declining interest rates. Conversely, during periods of rising interest rates, a reduction in prepayments may increase the effective maturities of these securities, subjecting them to a greater risk of decline in market value in response to rising interest rates than traditional debt securities, and, therefore, potentially increasing the volatility of the Bond Fund.

At times, some of the mortgage-backed securities in which the Bond Fund may invest will have higher than market interest rates and therefore will be purchased at a premium above their par value. Prepayments may cause losses in securities purchased at a premium, as unscheduled prepayments, which are made at par, will cause the Bond Fund to experience a loss equal to any unamortized premium.

In addition, the value of mortgage-backed securities will be influenced by the factors affecting the housing market and the mortgages underlying such securities. As a result, during periods of difficult or frozen credit markets, swings in interest rates, or deteriorating economic conditions, mortgage-backed securities may decline in value, face valuation difficulties, become more volatile and/or become illiquid.

NON-PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RISKS SPECIFIC TO THE GROWTH FUND AND BOND FUND

Securities Lending Risk. Securities lending transactions involve risk to a Fund if the other party should default on its obligation and the Fund is delayed or prevented from recovering the securities lent. In the event the original borrower defaults on its obligation to return lent securities, the Fund will seek to sell the collateral, which could involve costs or delays. To the extent proceeds from the sale of collateral are less than the repurchase price, a Fund would suffer a loss and you could lose money on your investment.

Borrowing Risk. If a Fund borrows money, the Fund may have to sell a portion of its investments at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so in order to reduce its indebtedness. In addition, interest paid by a Fund on borrowed funds would decrease the net earnings of the Fund.

Repurchase Agreement Risk. Repurchase agreements involve certain risks not associated with direct investments in securities. In the event the original seller defaults on its obligation to repurchase, the Fund will seek to sell the collateral, which could involve costs or delays. To the extent proceeds from the sale of collateral are less than the repurchase price, the Fund would suffer a loss.

PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS. The Funds’ policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Funds’ portfolio securities holdings are available in the Statement of Additional Information, which may be requested free of charge by calling (888) 350-2990.

MANAGEMENT

The business of the Funds is managed under the direction of the Board of Trustees (the “Board”) of the Trust. The Board formulates the general policies of each Fund and meets periodically to review each Fund’s performance, monitor investment activities and practices, and discuss other matters affecting the Funds.

THE ADVISER

The Adviser has been retained under an Investment Advisory Agreement with The North Country Funds (the “Trust”), on behalf of each Fund, to serve as the investment adviser to each Fund, subject to the authority of the Board. The Adviser is registered as an investment adviser with the SEC. The Adviser’s principal office is located at 250 Glen Street, Glens Falls, New York 12801.

The Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Glens Falls National Bank & Trust Company (“GFNB”). Founded in 1851, GFNB is a nationally-chartered commercial bank headquartered in Glens Falls, New York, which provides a wide variety of banking and advisory services to private clients and retirement plans. As of December 31, 2018, GFNB provides personal, corporate and institutional banking, investment management and custodial services for accounts having an aggregate market value in excess of \$1.368 billion under management through its Wealth Management Division.

Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement between the Trust and the Adviser, the Adviser conducts investment research and management for each Fund and is responsible for the purchase and sale of securities for each Fund’s portfolio. The Adviser provides each Fund with investment advice, supervises each Fund’s management and investment programs and provides investment advisory facilities and executive and supervisory personnel for managing the investments and effectuating portfolio transactions. The Adviser also furnishes, at its own expense, all necessary administrative services, office space, equipment and clerical personnel for servicing the investments of each Fund. In addition, the Adviser pays the salaries and fees of all officers of the Trust who are affiliated with the Adviser.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board’s approval of the Investment Advisory Agreement of the Funds is available in the Funds’ most recent annual report to shareholders for the fiscal year ended November 31, 2018.

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

Peter M. Capozzola, CFA, a portfolio manager of the Bond Fund since March 1, 2003 and a portfolio manager of the Growth Fund since March 30, 2018, is primarily responsible for the management and day-to-day implementation of the Bond Fund’s and the Growth Fund’s investment strategies. Mr. Capozzola, President and Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has been employed as a Portfolio Manager with GFNB since August 2002, and is a Vice President and Investment Officer of GFNB, managing investments for individuals, trusts, endowments, foundations and pension plans. He serves on the Investment Policy Committee of both GFNB and the Adviser.

Prior to joining GFNB, Mr. Capozzola served as the Compliance Officer and Comptroller at another trust company. Mr. Capozzola received a Bachelor of Arts degree in Business Economics from the State University of New York at Oneonta and earned an MBA in Investment and Portfolio Management from the Lubin Graduate School of Pace University in New York City. Mr. Capozzola also holds the Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) designation awarded by the CFA Institute.

Alina Kindron, a portfolio manager of the Bond Fund since August 9, 2018, is primarily responsible for the management and day-to-day implementation of the Bond Fund’s investment strategies. Ms. Kindron, Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has been employed with GFNB since 2007, and is an Assistant Vice President and Investment Officer of GFNB, managing investments for individuals, trusts, endowments, foundations and pension plans.

Ms. Kindron is a graduate of the Academy of Economic Studies in Bucharest, Romania with a Bachelors degree in Finance, Insurance, Banking and Capital Markets.

Adam M. Horowitz, a portfolio manager of the Growth Fund since August 9, 2018, is primarily responsible for the management and day-to-day implementation of the Growth Fund’s investment strategies. Mr. Horowitz, Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has been employed with GFNB since 2018, and is an Officer and Investment Professional of GFNB, managing investments for individuals, trusts, endowments, foundations and pension plans. Prior to Joining GFNB, Mr. Horowitz served as a Portfolio Manager in the Private Wealth Management Division of another trust company. Mr. Horowitz received a Bachelor of Arts degree from The State University of New York at Albany and an MBA from The State University of New York at Albany.

ADVISORY FEE

In consideration for the services rendered by the Adviser, the Funds paid the Adviser as follows:

	Percentage of average daily net assets for the fiscal year ended 11/30/18
Growth Fund	0.75%
Bond Fund	0.50%

The Statement of Additional Information provides information about the portfolio managers’ compensation, other accounts managed by each portfolio manager, and each portfolio manager’s ownership of shares in each Fund he manages.

ADMINISTRATOR and TRANSFER AGENT

The Funds’ administrator and transfer agent is Gemini Fund Services, LLC (“Gemini” or the “Administrator” or “Transfer Agent”), which has its principal office at 80 Arkay Drive, Suite 110, Hauppauge, New York 11788. Gemini is primarily in the business of providing administrative, fund accounting and transfer agency services to retail and institutional mutual funds.

Gemini provides administrative, executive and regulatory services to each Fund. It supervises the preparation of each Fund’s tax returns and coordinates the preparation of reports to and filings with the SEC and various state securities authorities, subject to the supervision of the Trust’s Board of Trustees. Gemini’s transfer agency service is located at 17645 Wright Street, Suite 200, Omaha, NE 68130.

DISTRIBUTOR

Northern Lights Distributors, LLC (“the Distributor”), an affiliate of Gemini, has entered into an Underwriting Agreement with the Trust to serve as the principal underwriter for each Fund and the distributor for each Fund’s shares. The Distributor is located at 17605 Wright Street, Omaha, NE 68130.

TYPES OF ACCOUNTS

If you are making an initial investment in a Fund, you will need to open an account. You may establish the following types of accounts:

Individual, Sole Proprietorship and Joint Accounts. Individual and sole proprietorship accounts are owned by one person; joint accounts can have two or more owners. All owners of the joint account must sign written instructions to purchase or redeem shares or to change account information exactly as their names appear on the account. If you elect telephone privileges, however, redemption requests by telephone may be made by any one of the joint account owners.

Uniform Gift or Transfer to Minor Accounts (UGMA, UTMA). Depending on the laws of your state, you can set up a custodial account under the Uniform Gift (or Transfers) to Minors Act.

These custodial accounts provide a way to give money to a child and obtain tax benefits. To open a UGMA or UTMA account, you must include the minor's social security number on the application and the custodian, or trustee, of the UGMA or UTMA must sign instructions in a manner indicating trustee capacity.

Corporate and Partnership Accounts. To open a corporate or partnership account, or to send instructions to the Fund, the following documents are required:

- For corporations, a corporate resolution signed by an authorized person with a signature guarantee.
- For partnerships, a certification for a partnership agreement, or the pages from the partnership agreement that identify the general partners.
- An authorized officer of the corporation or other legal entity must sign the application.

Trust Accounts. The trust must be established before you can open a trust account. To open the account you must include the name of each trustee, the name of the trust and provide a certification of trust, or the pages from the trust document that identify the trustee(s).

Retirement Accounts. Each Fund offers IRA accounts, including traditional IRA, Roth IRA, Rollover IRA, Education IRA, SIMPLE IRA, SEP IRA and Keogh accounts. Fund shares may also be an appropriate investment for other retirement plans. Before investing in any IRA or other retirement plan, you should consult your tax advisor. Whenever making an investment in an IRA, be sure to indicate the year for which the contribution is made.

HOW TO OPEN AN ACCOUNT AND PURCHASE SHARES

Once you have chosen the type of account and the Funds in which you wish to invest, you are ready to establish an account.

Anti-Money Laundering and Customer Identification Programs

To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires all financial institutions to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account.

When completing a new account application form, we will ask for your name, address, date of birth, social security number/Tax ID number and other information that will allow us to identify you. We may also ask to see other identifying documents. Until you provide the information or documents we need, we may not be able to open an account or effect any additional transactions for you.

When opening an account for a foreign business, enterprise or a non-U.S. person that does not have an identification number, we require alternative government-issued documentation certifying the existence of the person, business or enterprise.

General Information

The Funds do not issue share certificates. You will receive quarterly statements and a confirmation of each transaction. You should verify the accuracy of all transactions in your account as soon as you receive your confirmation.

During unusual market conditions, a Fund may temporarily suspend or discontinue any service or privilege.

Each Fund reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject any application to purchase shares. Applications will not be accepted unless they are accompanied by a check drawn on a U.S. bank, thrift institution, or credit union in U.S. funds for the full amount of the shares to be purchased. After you open an account, you may purchase additional shares by sending a check together with written instructions stating the name(s) on the account and the account number (see mailing addresses below). Make all checks payable to the Fund. The Fund will not accept payment in cash, including cashier's checks or money orders, or credit card. Also, to prevent check fraud, the Fund will not accept third party checks, U.S. Treasury checks, credit card checks or starter checks for the purchase of shares.

Note: Gemini Fund Services, LLC, the Fund's transfer agent, will charge a \$25 fee against a shareholder's account, in addition to any loss sustained by the Fund, for any check returned to the transfer agent for insufficient funds.

Minimum Initial Purchases:

Each Fund accepts investments in the following minimum amounts:

Type of Account	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Subsequent Investment
Individual, Sole proprietorship or Joint accounts	\$500	\$100
Corporate, partnership or trust accounts	\$500	\$100
Uniform Gift or Transfer to a Minor Accounts (UGMA, UTMA)	\$500	\$100
Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA)	\$500	\$100

The Trust or Adviser may waive or lower these minimums in certain cases. **You must complete and sign an application for each type of account you open with each Fund.**

Method of Purchase

By Mail

You may open an account by mailing a completed and signed account application, together with a check, to:

via Regular Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
P.O. Box 541150
Omaha, NE 68154

via Overnight Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
17645 Wright Street, Suite 200
Omaha, NE 68130

Transactions through the Funds' Website

You may purchase the Funds' shares and redeem the Funds' shares through the website www.gfnational.com/Investments/North-Country-Funds. To establish Internet transaction privileges you must enroll through the website. You automatically have the ability to establish Internet transaction privileges unless you decline the privileges on your New Account Application or IRA Application. You will be required to enter into a user's agreement through the website in order to enroll in these privileges. In order to conduct Internet transactions, you must have telephone transaction privileges. To purchase shares through the website you must also have ACH instructions on your account.

Redemption proceeds may be sent to you by check to the address of record, or if your account has existing bank information, by wire or ACH. Only bank accounts held at domestic financial institutions that are ACH members can be used for transactions through the website. Transactions through the website are subject to the same minimums as other transaction methods.

You should be aware that the Internet is an unsecured, unstable, unregulated and unpredictable environment. Your ability to use the website for transactions is dependent upon the Internet and equipment, software, systems, data and services provided by various vendors and third parties. While the Funds and their service providers have established certain security procedures, the Funds, their distributor and their transfer agent cannot assure you that trading information will be completely secure.

There may also be delays, malfunctions, or other inconveniences generally associated with this medium. There also may be times when the website is unavailable for Fund transactions or other purposes. Should this happen, you should consider purchasing or redeeming shares by another method. Neither the Funds or their transfer agent, distributor or adviser will be liable for any such delays or malfunctions or unauthorized interception or access to communications or account information.

By Telephone

Once an account has been established, you may purchase additional shares by telephone, by calling (888) 350-2990.

By Wire

After you have obtained an account number, you may purchase shares of a Fund by wiring federal funds. Please call the Fund at (888) 350-2990 to receive wiring instructions and to notify the Fund that a wire transfer is coming. Any commercial bank can transfer same-day funds by wire. The Fund will normally accept wired funds for investment on the day of receipt provided that such funds are received by the Fund's designated bank before the close of regular trading on the NYSE. Your bank may charge you a fee for wiring same-day funds.

Automatic Investment Plans

You may invest a specified amount of money in a Fund monthly or quarterly. These payments are taken from your bank account by automated clearinghouse ("ACH") payment.

To open an Automatic Investment Plan account, call or write to us to request an "Automatic Investment" form. Complete and sign the form, and return it to us along with a voided check for the bank account from which payments will be made.

Transactions Through Third Parties

If you invest through a broker or other financial institution, the policies and fees charged by that institution may be different than those of the Funds. Banks, brokers, retirement plans and financial advisors may charge transaction fees and may set different minimum investments or limitations on buying or selling shares. Consult a representative of your financial institution or retirement plan for further information.

How to Pay for Your Purchase of Shares

You may purchase shares of a Fund by check, ACH, or wire. All payments must be in U.S. dollars.

Checks. All checks must be drawn on U.S. banks and made payable to “North Country Funds”. No other method of check payment is acceptable (for instance, you may not pay by traveler’s check).

ACH Payments. Instruct your financial institution to make an ACH payment to us. These payments typically take two days. Your financial institution may charge you a fee for this service.

Wires. Call the Fund at (888) 350-2990 to receive wiring instructions and to notify the Fund that a wire transfer is coming. Your financial institution may charge you a fee for this service.

Good Order

When making a purchase request, make sure your request is in good order.

“Good order” means your purchase request includes:

- the name of the Fund
- the dollar amount of shares to be purchased
- a completed account application
- if you are purchasing your shares by check, a check payable to “North Country Funds”

Limitations on Purchases

The Trust reserves the right to refuse any purchase request, particularly requests that could adversely affect a Fund or its operations. This includes those from any individual or group who, in the Trust’s view, is likely to engage in excessive trading. Trading is generally considered excessive if a substantive exchange or redemption occurs within 30 days of the purchase of Fund shares. Please see the Trust’s policy on frequent purchases and redemptions of Fund shares in the Section entitled How to Sell (Redeem) Shares.

Canceled or Failed Payments

The Trust accepts checks and ACH transfers at full value subject to collection. If your payment for shares is not received or you pay with a check or ACH transfer that does not clear, your purchase will be canceled. You will be responsible for any losses or expenses incurred by the Fund whose shares you are purchasing or the Transfer Agent and the Fund may redeem other shares you own in the account as reimbursement. If you purchase your shares by check, the Fund may delay sending the proceeds from your redemption request until your check has cleared. Each Fund and its agents have the right to reject or cancel any purchase or exchange due to nonpayment. If we cancel your purchase due to non-payment, you will be responsible for any loss the relevant Fund incurs. We will not accept cash or third-party checks for the purchase of shares.

HOW TO SELL (REDEEM) SHARES

You have the right to sell (“redeem”) all or any part of your shares subject to certain restrictions. Shares may be purchased by electronic bank transfer, by check, or by wire. You may receive redemption proceeds by electronic bank transfer or by check. Selling your shares in a Fund is referred to as a “redemption” because the Fund buys back its shares. We will redeem your shares at the net asset value next computed following receipt of your completed redemption request in good order as described below. See “Redemption Procedures” below. In an effort to mitigate the risk of identity theft, the Funds will not permit redemption proceeds to be paid to someone other than the registered owner of the account.

We will mail your redemption proceeds to your current address or transmit them electronically to your designated bank account. We will generally send your redemption to you within seven days after we receive your redemption request. During unusual market conditions, a Fund may suspend redemptions or postpone the payment of redemption proceeds, to the extent permitted under the Federal securities laws. If you purchase your shares by check, a Fund may delay sending the proceeds from your redemption request until your check has cleared.

Neither Fund can accept requests that specify a certain date for redemption or which specify any other special conditions. Please call (888) 350-2990 for further information. We will not process your mailed redemption request if it is not in proper form (“Redemption Procedures”). However, we will notify you if your redemption request is not in proper form.

Redemption Procedures

By Mail

To redeem shares by mail, prepare a written request in proper form which must include:

- Your name(s) and signature(s) and the name(s) and signature(s) of any other person listed on the account;
- The name of the Fund, and your account number;
- The dollar amount or number of shares you want to redeem;
- How and where to send your proceeds;
- A Medallion Signature Guarantee, if required (see “Signature Guarantee Requirements” below); and
- Any other legal documents required for redemption requests by corporations, partnerships or trusts.

Mail your request and documentation to:

via Regular Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
P.O. Box 541150
Omaha, NE 68154

via Overnight Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
17645 Wright Street, Suite 200
Omaha, NE 68130

By Wire

You may only request payment of your redemption proceeds by wire if you have previously elected wire redemption privileges on your account application or a separate form. A \$15 fee will be charged to send the redemption proceeds by wire.

Wire requests are only available if your redemption is for \$10,000 or more.

To request a wire redemption, mail or call us with your request (See “By Mail”). If you wish to make your wire request by telephone, however, you must have previously elected telephone redemption privileges.

By Telephone

We accept redemption requests by telephone only if you have elected telephone redemption privileges on your account application or a separate form.

To redeem shares by telephone, call us with your request. You will need to provide your account number and the exact name(s) in which the account is registered. We may also require a password or additional forms of identification.

Your proceeds will be mailed to you or wired to you (if you have elected wire redemption privileges - See “By Wire” above)

Telephone redemptions are easy and convenient, but this account option involves a risk of loss from unauthorized or fraudulent transactions. We will take reasonable precautions to protect your account from fraud. You should do the same by keeping your account information private and by reviewing immediately any account statement and transaction confirmations that you receive.

Neither the Funds nor the Transfer Agent will be responsible for any losses due to telephone fraud, so long as we have taken reasonable steps to verify the caller’s identity.

Automatic Redemption

If you own shares of a Fund with an aggregated value of at least \$10,000, you may request a specified amount of money from your account once a month or once a quarter on a specified date. These payments are sent from your account to a designated bank account in your name by ACH payment. Automatic requests must be for at least \$100.

To set up periodic redemptions automatically, call or write us for an “Automatic Redemption” form. You should complete the form and mail it to us with a voided check for the account into which you would like the redemption proceeds deposited.

Transactions through the Funds’ Website

You may redeem the Funds’ shares through the website www.gfnational.com/Investments/North-Country-Funds, as more fully described above.

Medallion Signature Guarantee Requirements

To protect you and the Trust against fraud, signatures on certain requests must have a “Medallion Signature Guarantee.” A Medallion Signature Guarantee verifies the authenticity of your signature. You can obtain one from most banking institutions or securities brokers, but NOT from a notary public.

For requests made in writing a Medallion Signature Guarantee is required for any of the following:

- Redemption of over \$50,000 worth of shares;
- Changes to a record name or address of an account;
- Redemption from an account for which the address or account registration has changed within the last 30 days;
- Sending proceeds to any address, brokerage firm or bank account that is in your name, but not in our records;
- Changes to automatic investment or redemption programs, distribution options, telephone or wire redemption privileges or any other election in connection with your account.

Small Accounts

If the value of your account falls below \$500 (\$250 for UGMA and IRA accounts), a Fund may ask you to increase your balance. If the account value is still below \$500 after 30 days, the Fund may close your account and send you the proceeds. The Funds will not close your account if it falls below \$500 solely as a result of a reduction in your account’s market value.

Redemption in Kind

The Trust reserves the right to make redemptions “in kind” — payment of redemption proceeds in portfolio securities rather than cash — if the amount requested is large enough to affect Fund operations (for example, if the amount of the redemption is the greater of \$250,000 or 1% of a Fund’s net assets). To the extent that a shareholder receives his or her proceeds “in kind,” the shareholder will bear the market risk associated with those portfolio securities until they are converted to cash and the shareholder will bear the brokerage costs to convert those securities to cash.

Good Order

Your redemption request will be processed if it is in “good order.” To be in good order, the following conditions must be satisfied:

- The request should be in writing, unless redeeming by telephone, indicating the number of shares or dollar amount to be redeemed;
- The request must identify the name of the Fund and your account number;
- Any other legal documents required for redemption requests by corporations, partnerships or trusts;
- The request should be signed by you and any other person listed on the account, exactly as the shares are registered; and
- If you request that the redemption proceeds be sent to a person, bank or an address other than that of record or paid to someone other than the record owner(s), or if the address was changed within the last 30 days, or if the proceeds of a requested redemption exceed \$50,000, the signature(s) on the request must be medallion signature guaranteed by an eligible signature guarantor.

Transferring Registration

To transfer the registration of your shares in a Fund to another owner, please contact the Transfer Agent at (888) 350-2990 for specific information concerning required documentation

Lost Accounts

The Transfer Agent will consider your account “lost” if correspondence to your address of record is returned as undeliverable, unless the Transfer Agent is able to determine your new address. When an account is “lost,” all distributions on the account will be reinvested in additional shares of the Fund in which such lost account is invested. In addition, the amount of any outstanding (unpaid for six months or more) checks for distributions that have been returned to the Transfer Agent will be reinvested and the checks will be canceled.

How to Contact the Funds

For more information about each Fund or your account, you may write to us at:

via Regular Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
P.O. Box 541150
Omaha, NE 68154

via Overnight Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
17645 Wright Street, Suite 200
Omaha, NE 68130

Or you may call us toll free at (888) 350-2990.

FREQUENT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS OF FUND SHARES

Market timing is an investment strategy using frequent purchases, redemptions and/or exchanges in an attempt to profit from short-term market movements. Market timing may disrupt portfolio management strategies and hurt Fund performance. Such practices may dilute the value of Fund shares, interfere with the efficient management of a Fund's investments, and increase brokerage and administrative costs. The Funds' Board of Trustees has adopted a Market Timing and Exchange Policy (the "Policy") to monitor frequent purchases and redemptions by Fund shareholders in an attempt to detect and discourage market timing. The Funds may reject purchase orders or temporarily or permanently revoke exchange privileges if there is reason to believe that an investor is engaging in market timing activities.

To prevent disruption in the management of the Funds, excessive trading or exchange activity is limited. Generally, trading or exchange activity is considered excessive if a substantive exchange or redemption occurs within 30 days of purchase. An investor's exchange privilege or right to purchase additional shares may be revoked if the redemption or exchange activity is considered excessive. The Trust may accept purchases or exchanges in excess of Policy guidelines if it believes that granting such exceptions is in the best interest of the Fund and the purchase or exchange is not part of a market timing strategy. Exceptions to the Policy must be approved by authorized persons, noted and maintained on a master exception log and reported to the Board of Trustees quarterly.

The Funds will apply their policies and procedures uniformly to all Fund shareholders. Although the Funds intend to deter market timing, there is no assurance that they will be able to identify and eliminate all market timers. For example, certain accounts called "omnibus accounts" include multiple shareholders. Omnibus accounts typically provide the Fund with a net purchase or redemption request on any given day where purchasers of Fund shares and redeemers of Fund shares are netted against one another and the identities of individual purchasers and redeemers whose orders are aggregated are not known by the Fund. The netting effect often makes it more difficult for the Fund to detect market timing.

However, the Funds will work with brokers and other financial intermediaries that sell shares of the Funds, including those maintaining omnibus accounts with the Funds, to identify market timing transactions and enforce the Funds' Market Timing and Exchange Policy.

It is a violation of Policy for an officer or Trustee of the Trust to knowingly facilitate a mutual fund purchase or exchange where the shareholder executing the transaction is engaged in any activity which violates the terms of the Trust's Prospectus or Statement of Additional Information, and/or is considered not to be in the best interests of either Fund or its other shareholders.

We reserve the right to modify our policies and procedures at any time without prior notice as we deem in our sole discretion to be in the best interests of Fund shareholders, or to comply with state or Federal legal requirements.

WHEN AND HOW NAV IS DETERMINED

The price per share of each Fund is known as the “net asset value” per share (“NAV”).

Each Fund’s NAV is determined at the close of trading (generally 4:00 p.m.) (“Valuation Time”) on days on which the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open for trading. The NYSE is closed for business on most national holidays and on Good Friday. We will price your order at the NAV next calculated after the Fund receives your order in proper form. A Fund’s NAV may be calculated earlier, however, if trading on the NYSE is restricted or as permitted by the SEC. Only purchase, exchange or redemption orders accepted by a Fund or a financial intermediary, which has entered into agreements with a Fund’s distributor, before the Valuation Time will be effective at that day’s price. If you purchase shares through a financial intermediary, you may be required to complete additional forms or follow additional procedures. You should contact your financial intermediary regarding purchases, exchanges and redemptions. If a financial intermediary holds your shares, it is the responsibility of the financial intermediary to send your purchase, exchange or redemption order to a Fund. Your financial intermediary may have an earlier cut-off time for purchase, exchange or redemption orders.

If a security or securities that a Fund owns are traded when the NYSE is closed (for example, in an after-hours market) the value of the Fund’s assets may be affected on days when that Fund is not open for business. In addition, trading in some of a Fund’s assets may not occur on days when the Fund is open for business. Each Fund’s NAV is determined by taking the market value of all securities owned by the Fund (plus all other assets such as cash), subtracting all liabilities and then dividing the result (net assets) by the number of shares outstanding.

Fund portfolio securities which are traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last quoted sale price. NASDAQ traded securities are valued using the NASDAQ Official Closing Price (NOCP). Fund portfolio securities not traded or dealt in upon any securities exchange for which over-the-counter market quotations are readily available generally shall be valued at the last sale price or, in the absence of a sale, the mean of the current bid and ask prices. Investments for which no sales are reported are valued at the mean between the current bid and ask price. Certain short-term securities may be valued on the basis of amortized cost.

If a security does not have a readily available market quotation, the Funds value the security based on fair value, as determined in good faith in accordance with the guidelines established by the Funds’ Board. The types of securities for which fair value pricing is required include, but are not limited to:

- Securities for which market quotations are insufficient or not readily available at the Valuation Time on a particular Business Day (including securities for which there is a lapse in the provision of a price by the regular pricing source);
- Securities for which, in the judgment of the Adviser, the prices or values available do not represent the fair value of the instrument. Factors which may cause the Adviser to make such a judgment include, but are not limited to, the following: only a bid price or an asked price is available; the spread between bid and asked prices is substantial; the absence of current sales; the thinness of the market; the size of reported trades; and actions of the securities markets, such as the suspension or limitation of trading;
- Securities determined to be illiquid; and
- Securities with respect to which an event that will affect the value thereof has occurred since the closing prices were established on the principal exchange on which they are traded, but prior to a Fund’s calculation of its NAV.

Valuing securities at fair value involves greater reliance on judgment than securities that have readily available market quotations. The Adviser makes such determinations under the supervision of the Board, in good faith, in accordance with procedures adopted by the Board. There is no assurance that a Fund would obtain the fair value assigned to a security if it were to sell such security while it is fair valued.

DISTRIBUTIONS

Each Fund distributes its net investment income, such as dividends from stocks and interest from bonds and other debt securities, and its net realized capital gains, for example when it sells securities for a higher price than it paid, to shareholders. Net short-term capital gains are treated as ordinary income, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, when distributed to shareholders.

The Growth Fund intends to distribute dividends of net investment income, if any, on an annual basis. The Bond Fund intends to distribute dividends of net investment income on a monthly basis. Each Fund will distribute net realized capital gains, if any, annually. All distributions are reinvested in additional shares, unless you elect to receive distributions in cash. For Federal income tax purposes, distributions are treated the same whether they are received in cash or reinvested. Holders become entitled to receive distributions on the day after the shares are reflected on the books of the transfer agent.

If you have elected to receive distributions in cash, and the postal or other delivery service returns your check to a Fund as undeliverable, you will not receive interest on amounts represented by the uncashed checks.

Long-term vs. Short-term capital gains:

- Long-term capital gains are realized on securities held (or deemed to be held) by the Fund for more than one year.
- Short-term capital gains are realized on securities held (or deemed to be held) by the Fund for one year or less.

FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS

Your investment may have tax consequences that you should consider. Some of the more common federal income tax consequences are described here but you should consult your tax advisor about your particular situation. Although it is not an investment objective, each Fund's Adviser will attempt to take into account the tax consequences of its investment decisions. However, there may be occasions when the Adviser's investment decisions will result in a negative tax consequence for a Fund's shareholders.

Taxes on Distributions. Each Fund intends to operate in a manner such that the Fund itself will not be liable for Federal income or excise tax. However, distributions to you, whether received in cash or reinvested in additional shares of a Fund, may be subject to Federal, state and local tax. Distributions of net investment income are generally taxable to you as ordinary income. Taxes on distributions of capital gains are determined by how long each Fund owns or is considered to have owned the investments that generated them, rather than how long you have owned your shares. Distributions from the sale of investments that the Fund owns or is considered to have owned for more than one year and that are properly reported by the Fund as capital gain dividends are taxable as long-term capital gains includable in net capital gain and taxed to individuals at reduced rates. Distributions from the sale of investments that the Fund owns or is considered to have owned for one year or less and gains on the sale of or payment on bonds that are characterized as market discount are taxable to you as ordinary income. Properly reported distributions of "qualified dividend income" are taxable to you at the reduced rates that apply to net capital gain provided that both you and the Fund meet certain holding period and other requirements.

A 3.8% Medicare contribution tax is imposed on the “net investment income” of individuals as well as certain estates and trusts to the extent their income exceeds certain threshold amounts. Net investment income generally includes for this purpose dividends, including any capital gain dividends, paid by the Fund, and net gains recognized on the sale, exchange or redemption of shares of the Fund. Shareholders are advised to consult their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of this additional tax on their investment in the Fund.

Early in each calendar year, each Fund will mail to you reports containing information about that Fund’s distributions during the previous year. Consult your tax advisor about the Federal, state and local tax consequences in your particular circumstances.

Taxes on Sales, Exchanges and Redemptions of Shares. A sale, exchange or redemption of your Fund shares is a taxable event. Any gain resulting from a sale, exchange or redemption of your Fund shares will generally be subject to tax as either long-term or short-term capital gain, depending upon the length of time you owned the shares. Any loss from the sale, exchange or redemption of your Fund shares is generally treated as either long-term or short-term capital loss, depending upon the length of time you owned the shares.

Upon the sale, exchange or redemption of your shares in a Fund, the Fund or, if you purchase your shares through a financial intermediary, your financial intermediary generally will be required to provide you and the Internal Revenue Service (the “IRS”) with cost basis and certain other related tax information about the Fund shares you sold, exchanged or redeemed on your consolidated Form 1099. This cost basis reporting requirement is effective for shares purchased, including through dividend reinvestment, on or after January 1, 2012.

Please contact the Funds at 888-350-2990 or consult your financial intermediary, as appropriate, for more information regarding available methods for cost basis reporting and how to select or change a particular method. Please consult your tax advisor to determine which available cost basis method is best for you.

Buying a Dividend. All distributions reduce the net asset value of a Fund’s shares by the amount of the distribution. Unless your investment is in a tax-advantaged account, you may wish to avoid buying shares of a Fund shortly before a distribution. If you purchase shortly before a distribution, you will pay the full pre-distribution price for your shares and then receive part of your investment back as a taxable distribution.

Tax Withholding. Each Fund may be required to withhold U.S. Federal income tax from all taxable distributions and from redemption proceeds payable to shareholders who fail to provide a Fund with their correct taxpayer identification number or to make required certifications, or who have been notified by the IRS that they are subject to backup withholding. Any such withheld amounts may be credited against the shareholder’s U.S. Federal income tax liability.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand each Fund's financial performance for the period of each Fund's operations presented. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in a Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been derived from the financial statements audited by the Funds' Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, Cohen & Company, Ltd., whose report, along with the Funds' financial statements, is incorporated by reference in the SAI, which is available upon request.

To the extent the Funds invest in other mutual funds, the Total Annual Operating Expenses included in the Fee Table will not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets in the financial highlights below.

EQUITY GROWTH FUND (For a fund share outstanding throughout each period)

	For the Year Ended November 30,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 18.87	\$ 15.54	\$ 16.00	\$ 16.21	\$ 14.77
INCOME FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:					
Net investment income ⁽¹⁾	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.06	0.06
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments	1.28	3.59	0.27	0.84	1.79
Total from investment operations	1.33	3.66	0.33	0.90	1.85
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS:					
Dividends from net investment income	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.05)	(0.06)	(0.10)
Distribution from net realized gains from security transactions	(1.14)	(0.26)	(0.74)	(1.05)	(0.31)
Total distributions	(1.21)	(0.33)	(0.79)	(1.11)	(0.41)
Net asset value, end of year	<u>\$ 18.99</u>	<u>\$ 18.87</u>	<u>\$ 15.54</u>	<u>\$ 16.00</u>	<u>\$ 16.21</u>
Total return ⁽²⁾	7.52%	23.96%	2.33%	6.24%	12.93%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:					
Net assets, end of year (in 000's)	\$ 127,978	\$ 127,703	\$ 120,238	\$ 129,708	\$ 124,993
Ratios to average net assets:					
Expenses	1.03%	1.03%	1.03%	1.02%	1.03%
Net investment income	0.29%	0.39%	0.43%	0.36%	0.41%
Portfolio turnover rate	22%	12%	21%	28%	29%

(1) Net investment income per share is based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(2) Total returns are historical and assume changes in share price and reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, if any. Total return does not reflect the deductions of taxes that a shareholder would pay on distributions or on the redemption of shares.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (continued)

INTERMEDIATE BOND FUND

(For a fund share outstanding throughout each period)

	For the Year Ended November 30,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 10.17	\$ 10.14	\$ 10.18	\$ 10.31	\$ 10.25
INCOME (LOSS) FROM INVESTMENT OPERATIONS:					
Net investment income ⁽¹⁾	0.19	0.17	0.17	0.18	0.19
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments	(0.41)	0.04	(0.04)	(0.14)	0.06
Total from investment operations	(0.22)	0.21	0.13	0.04	0.25
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS:					
Dividends from net investment income	(0.19)	(0.18)	(0.17)	(0.17)	(0.19)
Total distributions	(0.19)	(0.18)	(0.17)	(0.17)	(0.19)
Net asset value, end of year	<u>\$ 9.76</u>	<u>\$ 10.17</u>	<u>\$ 10.14</u>	<u>\$ 10.18</u>	<u>\$ 10.31</u>
Total return ⁽²⁾	(2.17)%	2.08%	1.25%	0.42%	2.44%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:					
Net assets, end of year (in 000's)	\$ 71,188	\$ 73,902	\$ 78,565	\$ 76,001	\$ 66,033
Ratios to average net assets:					
Expenses, before waiver	0.89%	0.88%	0.84%	0.84%	0.88%
Expenses, after waiver	0.89%	0.88%	0.82%	0.81%	0.88%
Net investment income	1.93%	1.67%	1.65%	1.72%	1.85%
Portfolio turnover rate	23%	18%	31%	51%	25%

(1) Net investment income per share is based on average shares outstanding during the period.

(2) Total returns are historical and assume changes in share price and reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions, if any. Total return does not reflect the deductions of taxes that a shareholder would pay on distributions or on the redemption of shares.

EXCHANGE PRIVILEGE

You may exchange your shares in either Fund for shares of the other Fund at no charge. Be advised that exercising this privilege is really two transactions: a sale of shares in one Fund and the purchase of shares in another. Therefore, exchanges will typically have certain tax consequences and you could realize short- or long-term capital gains or losses. Exchanges are generally made only between identically registered accounts unless you send written instructions with a signature guarantee requesting otherwise. Call (888) 350-2990 to learn more about exercising your exchange privilege.

COUNSEL AND INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Legal matters in connection with the issuance of shares of beneficial interest of the Trust are passed upon by Ropes & Gray LLP, Prudential Tower, 800 Boylston Street, Boston, MA 02199-3600. Cohen & Company, Ltd., 1350 Euclid Avenue, Suite 800, Cleveland, OH 44115, has been selected as Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for the Trust.

ORGANIZATION

Each Fund has been organized as a series of The North Country Funds, a Massachusetts business trust formed on June 1, 2000 and registered with the SEC as an open-end, management investment company on September 11, 2000. The shares of The North Country Funds may be offered in series in addition to the Growth Fund and the Bond Fund. Each series has, and each future series will have, its own investment objective, policies and investment restrictions and is designed to meet different investment needs.

It is not intended that either Fund will hold meetings of its shareholders except when required by Federal or Massachusetts state law. All shareholders of each Fund are entitled to vote at shareholders' meetings. From time to time, large shareholders may control a Fund. This means that the holders of more than 50% of the shares voting for the election of Trustees can elect 100% of the Trustees if they choose to do so, and, in that event, the holders of the remaining shares will be unable to elect any Trustees.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

LEGAL COUNSEL

Ropes & Gray LLP
Prudential Tower
800 Boylston Street
Boston, MA 02199-3600

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Cohen & Company, Ltd.
1350 Euclid Avenue, Suite 800
Cleveland, OH 44115

ADMINISTRATOR AND FUND ACCOUNTANT

Gemini Fund Services, LLC
80 Arkay Drive, Suite 110
Hauppauge, NY 11788

TRANSFER AGENT

Gemini Fund Services, LLC
17645 Wright Street, Suite 200
Omaha, NE 68130

CUSTODIAN

Bank of New York Mellon
240 Greenwich Street
New York, NY 10286

The following documents are available free upon request:

ANNUAL/SEMI-ANNUAL REPORTS. Additional information about each Fund's investments is available in the Funds' annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders. In the Funds' annual report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected each Fund's performance during its last fiscal year.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ("SAI"). The SAI provides more detailed information about each Fund and is incorporated by reference into this Prospectus.

You may obtain free copies of the Funds' annual and semi-annual reports and the SAI, request other information, and discuss your questions about the Funds by contacting the Funds at (888) 350-2990 (toll free) or you may visit www.gfnational.com/Investments/North-Country-Funds. You may also write to:

via Regular Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
P.O. Box 541150
Omaha, NE 68154

via Overnight Mail

The North Country Funds
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
17645 Wright Street, Suite 200
Omaha, NE 68130

Reports and other information about each Fund are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of the information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

Investment Company Act File Number: 811-10123
